

Those are things for  
married people”

Open Access

exploring

parents’/adults’ and

adolescents’

perspectives on

contraceptives in

Narok and Homa



# Bay Counties, Kenya

Contraceptive use among adolescent girls is low in many sub-Saharan African countries including Kenya. Attitudes and perspectives about contraception of community members including adolescent girls themselves may be likely to limit contraceptive use among adolescent girls. This study was conducted to explore and compare adults'/parents' and adolescent girls' narratives and perspectives about contraception in Narok and Homa Bay counties, Kenya.

- [“Those are things for married people” Open Access exploring parents'/adults' and adolescents' perspectives on contraceptives in Narok and Homa Bay Counties, Kenya](#)



“Those are things for  
married people” Open  
Access exploring  
parents’/adults’ and  
adolescents’ perspectives on  
contraceptives in Narok and  
Homa Bay Counties, Kenya



RESEARCH

Open Access

## "Those are things for married people" exploring parents'/adults' and adolescents' perspectives on contraceptives in Narok and Homa Bay Counties, Kenya

Jefferson Mwaisaka<sup>1\*</sup>, Yohannes Dibaba Wado<sup>2</sup>, Ramatou Ouedraogo<sup>2</sup>, Clement Oduor<sup>2</sup>, Helen Habib<sup>1</sup>, Joan Njagi<sup>3</sup> and Martin W. Bangha<sup>2</sup>

### Abstract

**Background:** Contraceptive use among adolescent girls is low in many sub-Saharan African countries including Kenya. Attitudes and perspectives about contraception of community members including adolescent girls themselves may be likely to limit contraceptive use among adolescent girls. This study was conducted to explore and compare adults'/parents' and adolescent girls' narratives and perspectives about contraception in Narok and Homa Bay counties, Kenya.

**Methods:** Qualitative data from 45 in-depth-interviews conducted with purposively selected consenting adolescent girls aged 15–19 was used. Additionally, twelve focus group discussions were held with 86 consenting adults conveniently recruited from the two counties. All discussions were conducted in the local language and audio recorded following consent of the study participants. Female moderators were engaged throughout the study making it appropriate for the study to solicit feedback from the targeted respondents.

**Results:** Findings highlighted adults' perceptions on adolescents' sexuality and the presence of stringent conceptions about the side-effects of contraception in the study communities. Some participants underscored the need for open contraceptive talk between parents and their adolescent girls. Four main themes emerged from the discussions; (i) Perceptions about adolescents' sexuality and risk prevention, (ii) Conceptions about contraception among nulligravida adolescents: fear of infertility, malformation and sexual libertinism, (iii) Post-pregnancy contraceptive considerations and (iv) Thinking differently: divergent views regarding contraceptives and parent/adolescent discussion.

**Conclusions:** Our findings suggest the need for increased attention towards adolescents and their caregivers particularly in demystifying contraceptive misconceptions. Programmatic responses and models which include the provision of comprehensive sexuality education and increased access to and utilization of SRH information, products and services through a well-informed approach need to be well executed. Programmatic efforts like SRH community education should further seek to enhance the capacity of parents to discuss sexuality with their adolescents.

**Keywords:** Adolescent girls, Contraception, Misconceptions, Parents, Perspectives, Kenya

### Plain English summary

Contraceptive use provides multiple benefits including preventing unintended pregnancies and reducing abortion incidences. Despite these known benefits, adolescent girls' contraceptive use is the lowest in Kenya

\*Correspondence: jeffmwaika@gmail.com

<sup>1</sup> College of Health Sciences, University of Ghana, Accra, Ghana  
Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s) 2021. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

**Title:** "Those are things for married people" Open Access exploring parents'/adults' and adolescents' perspectives on contraceptives in Narok and Homa Bay Counties, Kenya

**Author (s):** Jefferson Mwaisaka, Yohannes Dibaba Wado, Ramatou Ouedraogo, Clement Oduor, Helen Habib, Joan Njagi and Martin W. Bangha

**Year of Publication:** 2021

**Access Resource Here:**